

Nepal ODS Destruction

Refrigeration Systems & Climate Change

- Refrigeration systems use ODS which also have high green house potential (GWP) and hence are a major contributors towards climate change.
 - CFC & HCFC are covered under Montreal Protocol whereas HFCs are covered under Kyoto Protocol, hence only HFCs destruction/avoidance results in carbon credits generation under CDM
 - CFC/HCFC destruction related emission reduction credits could find demand in voluntary carbon market
- Many of the old systems already in use also use energy inefficiently leading towards GHG emissions
 - Life cycle emissions related to energy consumption are approx 70-80% of total emissions, remaining emissions are contributed by refrigerant gases
 - New energy efficiency systems based on non-ODS and low GWP gases could result in approx 30-40% savings in energy consumption



Carbon Market: Background

International Carbon Market

Compliance/
Regulatory structure
CER prices ~0.4 Euros

Voluntary Structure
VER/CRT prices ~0.1 4 Euros



Why Voluntary Market?

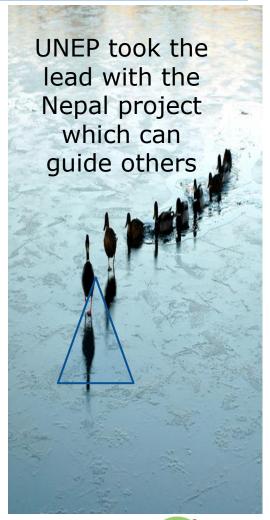
- CRT purchase in California
- Carbon Neutrality & Going Green
 - Corporate Social Responsibility/Environment Ethics
 - Public relations/Branding
 - Compulsion for being part of value chain (suppliers)
- Investment/Business Opportunity

Voluntary Carbon Standard (VCS)- only for CFCs	Climate Action Reserve (CAR)- only for CFCs
Internationally accepted Standard with wide geographic supply and demand	US based standard with US centric demand and supply
Average Price – 0-1 USD (ODS projects)	Average Price – 1-4 USD (ODS projects)
~300 registered projects (none for ODS); 22 million issues VCUs	>20 registered projects (ODS); 2.4 million issued CRTs



Nepal Project: Background

- In the year 2004, 74 ODP tons of CFCs were confiscated in Nepal. 11 tons were left unreleased in the market. In the 20th Meeting of Parties, Nepal requested guidance from Parties on leftover stock of CFCs post 2010
- Nepal ODS destruction project was approved by MLF with following objectives in mind:
 - Demonstrate the viability of economically destructing ODS stockpile in LVCs within the MLF approved funding of USD 13.5/kg
 - Disseminate information on good practices and learning from implementation of the destruction facilities to other LVCs in similar situation.
 - Integrating deriving climate benefit co-funding (through carbon market mechanisms)





Nepal Project: Current Status

Current Status:

- Material has been destroyed in destruction facility in USA- Feb 2013.
- Carbon credit verification process is complete and carbon credits have been issued in May 2013
- Marketing process of selling carbon credits is currently underway.
- The sale of CRTs would bear the part of the cost of destruction and the remaining money would be shared by the stakeholders including the Nepal government

Previous key steps:

- Inventorisation of the leftover ODS stock Quantity and Purity analysis;
 technology options evaluations
- NoU Nepal had received clearance from Ministry of Commerce, Nepal for exemption from "CFC export Ban" law for this assignment.
- Logistics- material exported from Kolkatta port in India; in USA- material tested before loading to destruction unit

ODS Destruction Projects: Scope of Activities

